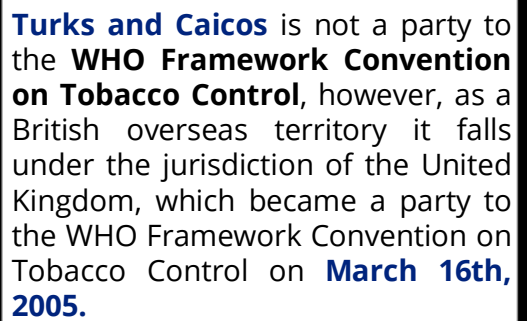


Tobacco Advocacy in the Caribbean

HCC Country Adolescent Tobacco Use Data Sheet

Turks and Caicos

Capital Cockburn Town
Population 38,718



Turks and Caicos is not a party to the **WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control**, however, as a British overseas territory it falls under the jurisdiction of the United Kingdom, which became a party to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control on **March 16th, 2005**.



Turks and Caicos Tobacco Control Policies

- Tobacco Control Ordinance (Ordinance 22 of 2015)
- Tobacco Control Regulations 2017 (Legal Notice 72 of 2017)

TOBACCO USE AMONG YOUTH IN TURKS AND CAICOS



No data available



Turks and Caicos have not conducted a Global Youth Tobacco Survey or a Global School-based Student Health Survey as yet.

Tobacco Control Policies Protecting Youth

The **World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control** (FCTC) provides recommendations for tobacco control policies which allows countries to safeguard public health. This convention allows for the protection of not only adults, but minors also. The tobacco industry still use tactics such as colorful packaging and tempting flavours to indirectly market to children which poses a serious public health issue if children start experimenting with tobacco.

The following policy recommendations are based on FCTC articles which, when implemented can increase tobacco control and protect youth from the danger of tobacco.



Turks & Caicos

FCTC Policy Recommendations

● Fully Implemented
 ● Partially Implemented
 ● Not implemented

Article 8	Ban smoking (tobacco products & e-cigarettes) in all indoor workplaces and public places.	●	Source: Tobacco Control Regulations 2017 (Legal Notice 72 of 2017) Arts. 7, 8 ✓ The law allows smoking in designated smoking areas in airports and tobacco specialty shops.
Article 9	Regulate the contents of tobacco products (including e-cigarettes) and prohibit the sale of flavoured tobacco products.	●	
Article 11	Government-approved rotating health warnings on tobacco packaging that: cover at least 30% and preferably at least 50% of the principal display areas.	●	Source: Tobacco Control Regulations 2017 (Legal Notice 72 of 2017) Arts. 13 ✓ "the graphic and text of the warning shall occupy at least 50% of the display space and be positioned parallel to the top edge of the package"
Article 11	Ban false and deceptive terms such as "light" and "mild".	●	Source: Tobacco Control Ordinance (Ordinance 22 of 2015) Arts. 29
Article 13	Ban tobacco advertising, promotion, and sponsorship.	●	Source: Tobacco Control Ordinance (Ordinance 22 of 2015) Arts. 31 ✓ Tobacco sponsorship is allowed as long as it is not publicized.
Article 13	Ban the importation and sale of candies, snacks, toys, etc. that resemble tobacco products.	●	Source: Tobacco Control Ordinance (Ordinance 22 of 2015) Art. 28
Article 16	Ban the sale of tobacco (both e-cigarettes & tobacco products) to minors.	●	The law does not explicitly prohibit the sale of e-cigarettes to minors.