

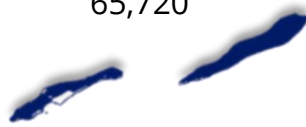
# Tobacco Advocacy in the Caribbean

## HCC Country Adolescent Tobacco Use Data Sheet

### Cayman Islands

**Capital  
Population**

George Town  
65,720



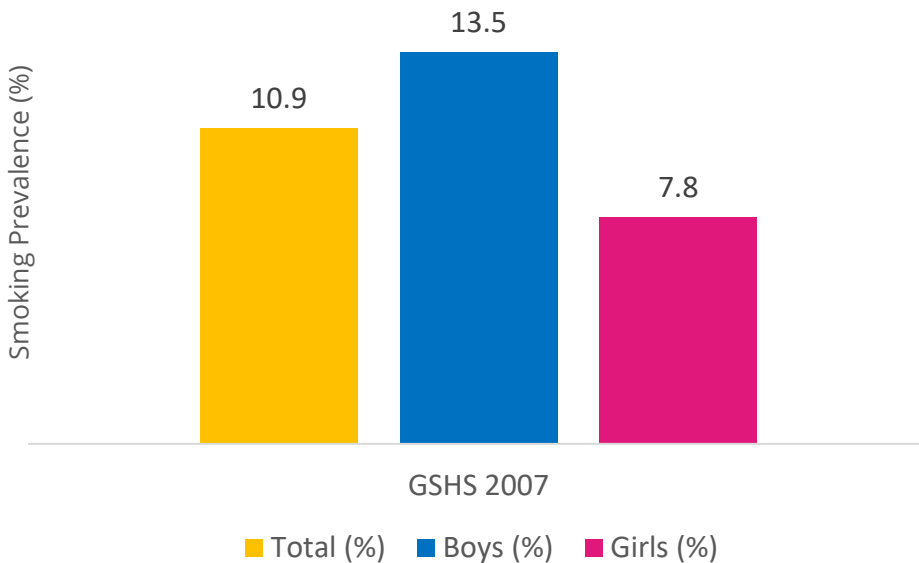
**The Cayman Islands** is not a party to the **WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control**, however, as a British overseas territory it falls under the jurisdiction of the United Kingdom, which became a party to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control on **March 16th 2005**.



#### Cayman Islands Tobacco Control Policies

- The Tobacco Law 2008**
- The Tobacco Regulations 2009**
- The Tobacco Regulations 2010**

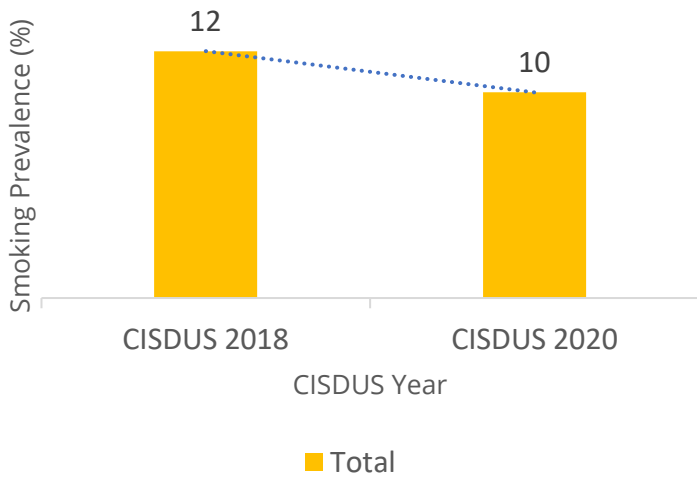
### TOBACCO USE AMONG YOUTH IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS



**Current Cigarette Use**  
Among youths aged 13-15



# E-CIGARETTE USE AMONG YOUTH IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS



## Current E-Cigarette Use Among youths aged 6-13



### References

1. *Global School-based Student Health Survey (Cayman Islands) 2007 (GSHS)*
2. *Cayman Islands Student Drug Use Survey (CISDUS) 2018 and 2020*

# TOBACCO CONTROL POLICIES PROTECTING YOUTH

The **World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control** (FCTC) provides recommendations for tobacco control policies which allows countries to safeguard public health. This convention allows for the protection of not only adults, but minors also. The tobacco industry still use tactics such as colorful packaging and tempting flavours to indirectly market to children which poses a serious public health issue if children start experimenting with tobacco.

The following policy recommendations are based on FCTC articles which, when implemented can increase tobacco control and protect youth from the danger of tobacco.



## Cayman Islands

FCTC Policy Recommendations			
<span style="color: green;">●</span> Fully Implemented <span style="color: orange;">●</span> Partially Implemented <span style="color: red;">●</span> Not implemented			
<b>Article 8</b>	Ban smoking (tobacco products & e-cigarettes) in all indoor workplaces and public places.	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	
<b>Article 9</b>	Regulate the contents of tobacco products (including e-cigarettes) and prohibit the sale of flavoured tobacco products.	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	
<b>Article 11</b>	Government-approved rotating health warnings on tobacco packaging that: cover at least 30% and preferably at least 50% of the principal display areas.	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<b>Source: <a href="#">The Tobacco Regulations, 2010 Sec. 8</a></b> ✓ "the text of the warning shall occupy at least thirty percent of the display space but no less than that required by the country of origin and be positioned parallel to the top edge of the package;"
<b>Article 11</b>	Ban false and deceptive terms such as "light" and "mild".	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<b>Source: <a href="#">The Tobacco Regulations, 2010 Sec. 7</a></b>
<b>Article 13</b>	Ban tobacco advertising, promotion, and sponsorship.	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<b>Source: <a href="#">The Tobacco Regulations, 2010 Sec. 7</a></b>
<b>Article 13</b>	Ban the importation and sale of candies, snacks, toys, etc. that resemble tobacco products.	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	
<b>Article 16</b>	Ban the sale of tobacco (both e-cigarettes & tobacco products) to minors.	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<b>Source: <a href="#">The Tobacco Regulations, 2010 Sec. 10</a></b> ✓ Current regulations don't account for electronic cigarettes.