

Sweet Beverages in the Caribbean **THE BAHAMAS**



Caribbean children are drinking too many sweet beverages!

HIGH IN SUGAR

Sweet beverages are the main source of sugar in our diets



Eating and drinking too much sugar has been linked to overweight and obesity in children.*

1 in 3

Caribbean Children is either OVERWEIGHT or OBESE



Overweight and obesity increases risk of developing non-communicable diseases (NCDs) including heart disease, diabetes and cancers.

Obese children are more likely to become obese adults and develop NCDs.



* Reducing consumption of sugar-sweetened beverages to reduce the risk of childhood overweight and obesity - https://www.who.int/elena/titles/ssbs_childhood_obesity/en/

Childhood Obesity Statistics

THE BAHAMAS¹

Childhood levels of
OVERWEIGHT or OBESE

35.8%

BOTH SEXES
AGE: 5 to 19



Childhood levels of
OBESE

17.3%

BOTH SEXES
AGE: 5 to 19



44.7%

ADOLESCENTS
AGE: 13 to 15



On average,
one serving of a
sweet beverage
exceeds the
daily maximum
HEALTHY sugar
intake for
children

69%

STUDENTS
AGE: 13 to 15

drank
ONE OR MORE
carbonated
sugar sweetened
beverages every
day in the last
30 days.

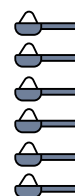


World Health Organization and American Heart Association RECOMMENDATIONS:

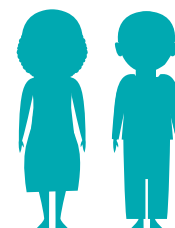
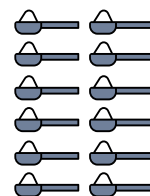
**Beverages may also contain
non-nutritive sweeteners
(NNS), to boost
sweetness beyond what
is indicated on the label.
The American Heart
Association advises
against the prolonged
consumption of low
calorie sweetened
beverages by children³**



CHILDREN
aged 2-18 years
should consume
less than
25 grams
of sugar daily^{2,3}



ADULTS
should consume
less than
50 grams
of sugar daily^{4,5}



1 teaspoon sugar = 4g of sugar
6 teaspoons = 25g of sugar

¹ Bahamas Obesity Fact Sheet - <https://www.healthycaribbean.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/HCC-COP-Fact-Sheet-Bahamas-Oct-2019.pdf>

² Low-Calorie Sweetened Beverages and Cardiometabolic Health: A Science Advisory From the American Heart Association. Rachel K. Johnson, Alice H. Lichtenstein, Cheryl A. M. Anderson, et al., Circulation. 2018 Aug 28; 138(9): e126-e140. doi: 10.1161/CIR.0000000000000569. Available at: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/30354445>.

³ Recommended Daily Maximum Intake Children: For children 2-18 years, the American Heart Association (AHA) recommends a maximum daily intake of added sugars of 25g.

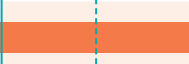

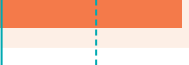
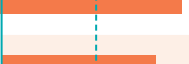
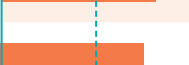
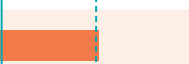

⁴ Guideline: Sugars intake for adults and children. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2015. Available at: https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/149782/9789241549028_eng.pdf;jsessionid=17D4B2E9FC596A5AFA5F08A25A14078?sequence=1.

⁵ Recommended Daily Maximum Intake Adults: For adults, the WHO recommends reducing the daily intake of free sugars to less than 10% of total energy intake (strong recommendation) or 50g. [The WHO recommends a further reduction of the daily intake of free sugars from 10% of total energy intake (50g) to below 5% of total energy intake or less than 25g to provide additional benefits.

How much sugar is in your beverage?

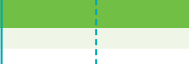

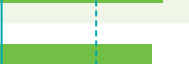



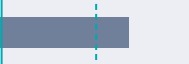
CARBONATED BEVERAGES



Product Name		Grams per container		Grams per 100 ml
	ml		g	g
Bahamas Goombay Punch	355		54	15.2
Fanta Fruit Punch	355		49	13.8
Barritts Ginger Beer	335		48	14.3
Fanta Orange	355		48	13.5
Pepsi	355		41	11.5
Coca-Cola	355		38	10.7
Chubby Blueberry Blast	250		26*	10.4

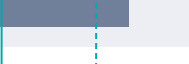
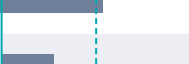

FRUIT/VEGETABLE DRINKS



Mistic Bahama Blueberry	473		57	12.1
Juice Bowl Fruit Punch	340		46	13.5
Tampico Citrus Punch	591		42.5*	7.2
Bluebird Pink Grapefruit Cocktail	340		40	11.8
Welch's Orange Pineapple	295		30*	10.2
Welch's Fruit Punch	295		29*	9.8
Hawaiian Punch	355		21*	5.9

OTHER



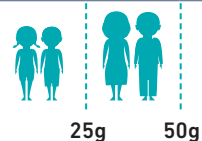
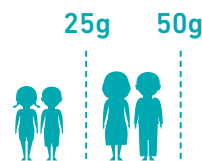
Gatorade Frost	591		34	5.8
Red Bull	250		27	10.8
Grace Canned Coconut Water	310		14	4.5

November 2019

• Source of data: HCC members in participating countries randomly selected and submitted photos of product packaging between May and September 2019. In some cases, this has not been independently verified by the HCC.

• 100ml used as standard volume for comparison of sugar content across beverages.

• Non-nutritive sweeteners (NNS) are sugar substitutes with low or zero calories or nutrients. They have a greater intensity of sweetness when compared to sugar and the health effects of NNS on children are unknown. Non-nutritive sweeteners may be natural (such as stevia) or artificial (such as acesulfame potassium (K), aspartame, neotame and sucralose).



Contains non-nutritive sweetener