HCC Caribbean NCD Forum
Supporting National Advocacy in Lead up to the 2018 High Level Meeting on NCDs

The 3<sup>rd</sup> UN High-level Meeting on NCDs – PAHO/WHO Perspectives

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Pan American Health Organization

Kingston, Jamaica – April 23-25, 2018
Global mortality (all deaths) estimates by cause, 2015

- Cardiovascular diseases: 45%
- Malignant neoplasms: 22%
- Chronic respiratory diseases: 10%
- Diabetes Mellitus: 4%
- Other NCDs: 19%

GLOBAL NCD MORTALITY

40 MILLION
Die each year from NCDs

15 MILLION
Premature Deaths between ages 30-70

80%
In LMICs

Commitments made by world leaders to ↓ premature deaths from #NCDs

- **2007 CARICOM**
  Port-of-Spain Declaration on NCDs

- **2009 ECOSOC**
  Doha Declaration on NCDs

- **2011**
  Moscow Declaration

- **2014**
  Outcome Document

- **2015**
  AAAA

- **2015 SDGs**

- **2018**
  3rd HLM

2007 CARICOM Port-of-Spain Declaration on NCDs

2009 ECOSOC Doha Declaration on NCDs

2011 Moscow Declaration

2014 Outcome Document

2015 AAAA

2015 SDGs

2018 3rd HLM
GLOBAL MONITORING FRAMEWORK

- Salt/sodium intake: 30% reduction
- Insufficient physical activity: 10% reduction
- Drug therapy and counseling: 50% eligible people coverage
- Essential medicines & basic technologies: 80% availability in facilities
- Tobacco use: 30% reduction
- Raised blood pressure: 25% reduction
- Harmful use of alcohol: 10% reduction
- Diabetes & obesity: halt the rise

Premature mortality: 25% reduction
“BEST BUYS” INTERVENTIONS FOR NCD PREVENTION AND CONTROL

88 Interventions → 16 Best-buys

- **Best-buys**: Effective interventions with cost effectiveness analysis ≤ $100 per DALY averted in LMICs
- Effective interventions with cost effectiveness analysis ≥ $100 per DALY averted in LMICs
- Other recommended interventions from WHO guidance (cost effective analysis not available)

Source: WHO Tackling NCDs. “Best buys” and other recommended interventions for the prevention and control of NCDs. Available at: [https://goo.gl/9JkRN1](https://goo.gl/9JkRN1)
“BEST BUYS” INTERVENTIONS FOR NCD PREVENTION AND CONTROL

TOBACCO
1. Increase tobacco taxes and prices
2. Smoke-free policies
3. Graphic health warnings / plain packaging
4. Advertising, promotion & sponsorship bans
5. Mass media campaigns

DIET & PHYSICAL INACTIVITY
9. Reduce salt content through reformulation of food products
10. Providing supportive environments
11. Behavioural change communication and mass media campaigns
12. Front-of-pack labelling
13. Awareness campaign for physical activity

ALCOHOL
6. Increase taxes
7. Restrictions on advertising
8. Regulations on availability and physical access

CANCER / CVD / DIABETES
14. Drug therapy and counselling for high-risk persons
15. HPV vaccination for girls
16. Cervical cancer screening
A/72/662 (Dec 2017)
Report of the Secretary General
Progress on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases:

Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 68/300, the present report sets out the progress achieved since 2014 in the implementation of the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the comprehensive review and assessment of the progress achieved in the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases and of the political declaration of the high-level meeting of the Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases, in preparation for a comprehensive review and assessment in 2018 of the progress achieved in the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases.
Member States committed to four time-bound measures:

By 2015:

(a) consider setting national targets for 2025 and process indicators based on national situations, taking into account the nine voluntary global targets for NCDs

(b) consider developing or strengthening national multisectoral policies and plans to achieve the national targets by 2025, taking into account the Global Action Plan (Prevention and Control of NCDs 2013-2020)
By 2016:

(c) as appropriate, reduce risk factors for NCDs and underlying social determinants through the implementation of interventions and policy options to create health-promoting environments, building on the guidance set out in appendix 3 to the Global Action Plan.

(d) as appropriate, strengthen and orient health systems to address the prevention and control of NCDs and the underlying social determinants through people-centred primary health care and universal health coverage throughout the life cycle, building on the guidance set out in appendix 3 to the Global Action Plan.
UN 10 PROGRESS INDICATORS

Surveillance and monitoring:
1. National indicators and targets
2. Functioning system for reliable mortality data
3. National Health Survey (e.g. PanAm STEPs)

Risk Factors:
5. Tobacco demand reduction measures
6. Alcohol demand reduction measures
7. Support for the health diet and breastfeeding
8. Measures to increase physical activity

NCDs plans and management:
4. NCD multisectoral and operational plans
9. Clinical guidelines to manage NCDs
10. Drug therapy and counselling to prevent CVD
NCD Progress Monitor by WHO Regions, 2017

2 | Progress in achieving Global and Regional commitments

Progress Indicators 2017 – Caribbean status

Source: Progress Indicators, 2017 – Scorecard Americas. Available at: https://goo.gl/Bsv32h
2 | Progress in achieving Global and Regional commitments

**Tobacco Control**
- **Smoke free environments**: BRB, GUY, JAM, SUR, TTO
- **Health warnings (50% coverage)**: GUY, JAM, SUR, TTO
- **Media campaign**: SUR
- **Advertising, promotion & sponsorship**: GUY, SUR
- **Taxation**: ---

**Healthy Diet Policies**
- **Salt/sodium**: JAM
- **Trans-fats**: JAM
- **Marketing to children**: ---
- **Breastmilk substitutes**: ---
- **SSB Taxation**: BRB, DMA

Preparatory process leading to #HLM3 #NCDs

Under the auspices of the President of the UN General Assembly (PGA)

**Formal preparatory process**

26 Jan 2018
- Co-Facilitators appointed (Italy and Uruguay)

12 Apr 2018
- SG's progress report on NCDs
- Modalities resolution for HLM3
- ESOSOC Progress report Task Force NCDs

5 July 2018
- Interactive hearing
- Zero draft outcome document

27 Sep
- HLM3

18 Oct 2018
- Montevideo NCDs Roadmap 2018-2030

**Informal preparatory process**

22-27 Jan 2018
- EB142 report on NCDs

16 Jan 2018
- Launch of the Bloomberg Fiscal Policy Commission on NCDs

9-11 Apr 2018
- WHO Dialogue on Partnerships and Financing NCDs

21-26 May 2018
- WHA71 report on NCDs

20 May 2018
- WHO/Bloomberg Business Case on NCDs

1 June 2018
- Report of the WHO Independent Commission on NCDs

Under the auspices of WHO

Report of the Bloomberg Fiscal Policy Commission on NCDs
Adopted on 12 April 2018 at the UN General Assembly

- **Resolution number**: A/RES/72/274
- **Date**: Thursday, 27 September, from 10:00-13:00 and 15:00 to 18:00
- **Theme**: Scaling up multi-stakeholder and multi-sectoral responses to the prevention and control of NCDs in the context of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- **Opening (10:00-11:00)**: PGA + SG + WHO/DG + HLC + Eminent Champion
- **Plenary (11:00-13:00 and 15:00 to 17:30)**: Member States + UN Agencies
- **Multi-stakeholder panels (in parallel):**
  - **Panel 1 (11:00-13:00)**: Strengthening health systems and financing for the prevention and control of NCDs, on each country’s path towards achieving UHC, including through sharing evidence-based best practices, scientific knowledge and lessons learned
  - **Panel 2 (15:00-17:00)**: Opportunities and challenges in engaging governments, civil society, and the private sector at the global, regional, and national levels to promote multisectoral partnerships for the prevention and control of NCDs, and the promotion of healthy lifestyles
- **Interactive hearing (5 July 2018)**: Member States + UN Agencies + non-State Actors
- **Outcome document**: Negotiated in New York among Permanent Missions (= Member States)
**Interactive hearing**

- **Mandate**: Modalities resolution (OP7)
- **Auspices**: PGA with support from WHO
- **Date**: 5 July 2018 in New York

- **Registration**: Starting next week
- **Eligibility**:
  - Member States
  - UN Agencies
  - NGOs in consultative status with ECOSOC
  - Philanthropic foundations
  - Private sector
  - Academic institutions

- **Screening**: Pre-screening done by WHO. Final word with PGA.

- **Documentation**:
  - Concept note: First draft by WHO (early May) > reviewed by Co-Facilitators > PGA will share with all Permanent Missions
  - Outcome: Instant summaries prepared by WHO read out by the Co-Facilitators > Final summary
WHO Independent High-level Commission on NCDs

Co-Chairs:

- President Sri Lanka
- President Uruguay
- President of Finland
- Minister of Health Russian Federation
- Sania Nishtar

Who?
- 5 Co-Chairs + 22 Commissioners + 4 new Commissioners

Objectives
- Provide the WHO Director-General with **bold recommendations** on how to transform new opportunities into action that addresses implementation gaps to reach SDG target 3.4 on NCDs.

Why?
- **New thinking**: Report will serve as an input into the preparatory process for the third High-level Meeting on NCDs.
- **New platform**: Get Heads of State and Government and Heads of UN Agencies to attend the third High-level Meeting
## Tentative list of (WHO) events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Meeting</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>16-18 April 2018</td>
<td>Sitges</td>
<td>WHO/EURO Meeting on Health Systems Response to NCDs</td>
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<td>1-2 May 2018</td>
<td>Cairo</td>
<td>High-level EMR Policy Dialogue on NCDs</td>
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<td>2 May 2018</td>
<td>London</td>
<td>Launch of mental health flagship</td>
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<td>14 May 2018</td>
<td>Geneva</td>
<td>Launch of REPLACE package (and cardiovascular flagship)</td>
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<td>16-18 May 2018</td>
<td>Lyon</td>
<td>IARC Governing Council</td>
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<td>21-26 May 2018</td>
<td>Geneva</td>
<td>WHA71</td>
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<td>29-30 May 2018</td>
<td>Seoul</td>
<td>WHO Western Pacific meeting of national senior officials for NCDs</td>
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<td>1 June 2018</td>
<td>Geneva</td>
<td>Launch of the report of the High-level Commission on NCDs</td>
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<td>4 June 2018</td>
<td>Lisbon</td>
<td>Launch of GAPP with Cristiano Ronaldo</td>
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<td>7 June 2018</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>ECOSOC review of the report of the UN Task Force on NCDs</td>
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<td>13-14 June 2018</td>
<td>Tallinn</td>
<td>WHO Meeting on health systems for prosperity and solidarity</td>
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<td>25-26 June 2018</td>
<td>London</td>
<td>Forging a breakthrough with CEOs from private sector on 4 areas</td>
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<td>5 July 2018</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Interactive hearing for HLM3</td>
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<td>9-18 July 2018</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>ECOSOC High-level Political Forum on SDGs</td>
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<td>23 July 2018</td>
<td>Geneva</td>
<td>WHO Technical Meeting on Cervical Cancer</td>
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<td>27-31 August 2018</td>
<td>Dakar, RC/AFRO</td>
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<td>3-7 September</td>
<td>New Delhi</td>
<td>RC/SEARO</td>
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<td>17-20 Sep 2018</td>
<td>Rome</td>
<td>RC/EURO</td>
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<td>20-21 Sep 2018</td>
<td>St Petersburg</td>
<td>Women’s Forum</td>
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<td>24-28 Sep 2018</td>
<td>Washington DC</td>
<td>RC/PAHO</td>
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<td>25 Sep 2018</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Opening of the General Debate of the UNGA</td>
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<td>26 Sep 2018</td>
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<td>High-level Meeting on TB</td>
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A/72/662
Report of the Secretary General
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Underscored that:

actions to achieved the commitments of 2011 and 2014 have been inadequate

current level of progress insufficient to meet target 3.4 of the SDGs

promises to implement measures to reduce the risk of dying prematurely from NCDs through prevention and control not fulfilled
Rationale for the Caribbean to Scale up its engagement

The Caribbean brought NCDs to the global agenda

This subregion:

continues to experience the highest probability of premature death in the entire Americas

is particularly vulnerable to the social and commercial determinants and risk factors that drive the NCD epidemic

needs to implement the interventions necessary to respond to the NCD epidemic

needs to regain its leadership role in the NCD agenda

must participate with the highest level representation in the UN HLM
Thank you