



For more information please contact the HCC at hcc@healthycaribbean.org or visit our website www.healthycaribbean.org



The NCD Alliance was founded by:









# 1:	Raise priority of NCDs through international cooperation and advocacy	
1.1	Inclusion of NCDs in current national development plan	
	Presence of National NCD Planning	
1.2	Government inclusion of NCDs in Official Development Assistance (ODA) Framework	
1.3	Operational national NCD alliance/coalition/network of CSOs that engages People Living with NCDs (PLWNCDs)	
1.4	Government led, supported or endorsed national NCD conference /summit/meeting held in the last 2 years	
	with active participation of CSOs	
1.5	Government-led or endorsed public media campaign on NCD awareness or NCD prevention, partnering	
	with CSOs and held in the last 2 years	
# 2.	Strengthen national capacity, multisectoral action and partnerships for	-
NCD		
2.1	Operational National NCD Plan (number of key elements outlined below): If score less than 4, please refer to 2.2	
2.1 a)	National NCD Plan with a 'whole of government' approach ie with areas for action beyond the health sector	
2.1 b)	Functional national multisectoral NCD commission/mechanism (incl. CSOs, People Living with NCDs and private sector)	
2.1 c)	National budgetary allocation for NCDs (treatment, prevention + health promotion, surveillance,	
	monitoring/evaluation, human resources)	
2.1 d)	CSOs and PLWNCDSs engaged in National NCD Plan development	
2.2	Number of subnational jurisdictions (state, district, etc.) with an operational NCD plan that meets the full criteria outlined above	NA
2.3	Number of operational NCD Public-private partnerships supporting elements of National NCD Plan	
2.4	National Government partnerships with CSOs on NCD initiatives	
# 3:	Reduce NCD risk factors and social determinants	
3.1	Number of tobacco (m)POWER policies/interventions in existence:	
	Existence of recent nationally representative information on youth and adult prevalence of tobacco use <sup>a</sup>	
	National Legislation banning smoking in health-care in all indoor public places including workplaces, restaurants and bars <sup>b</sup>	
	Existence of national guidelines for the treatment of tobacco dependence	
	Legislation mandating visible and clear health warnings covering at least half of principal pack areas	
	Legislation banning tobacco advertising, promotion and sponsorship OR Legislation comprehensively banning all forms of direct tobacco marketing in all forms of media and advertising	
	Tobacco taxation policy of between 2/3 and 3/4 of retail price	
3.2	National strategies on the major NCD risk factors (out of total listed below)	
3.2 a)	Tobacco	
3.2 b)	Alcohol	
3.2 c)	Nutrition	
3.2 d)	Physical Activity	
3.3	Increased taxes on alcohol in last 5 years	
3.4	National policies and regulatory controls on marketing to children of foods high in fats, trans fatty acids, free sugars or salt	
3.5c	National action on salt reduction	
	National policies/regulatory controls on salt reduction	
	Number of voluntary company pledges to salt reduction	
3.6	Physical education in schools with resources and incentives	

## Benchmark Indicator CSO Perspective Government Perspective # 4: Strengthen and reorient health systems to address NCDs 4.1 Evidence based national guidelines on used in Public Sector: General Utilisation Cancer Cardiovascular disease Chronic Respiratory Diseases Diabetes Mental Health Tobacco Dependence Alcohol Dependence 4.2 Government initiatives strengthening the capacity of primary health care for NCDs: NCD health promotion and prevention Aggregate scores Based on Access Screening and early detection to Drugs, Services Treatment and referral and Treatments Rehabilitation and palliative care 4.3 Number of NCD medicines in country essential medicine list made available free of charge to patients with limited resources Insulin Aspirin (81 or 100 mg) Metformin Glibenclamide Thiazide Diuretics **ACE Inhibitors** CC Blockers Beta Blockers Tamoxifen Statins Oral morphine Salbutamol Prednisolone tab Steroid inhaler Hydrocortisone injection Ipratropium bromide 4.4 NCD-related services and treatments are covered by health insurance system 4.4 a) Cancer Screening Services Cervical cytology Adequate VIA (Visual Inspection with Acetic acid) Adequate Breast cancer screening by palpation Good Mammogram Good Prostate cancer screening by digital exam Good Prostate cancer screening by PSA Good

Excellent Good

Faecal occult blood test

Colonoscopy

# 4: 4.4 b)	Strengthen and reorient health systems to address NCDs	5
4.4 0)		Excellent
	Blood glucose measurement	
	Oral glucose tolerance test	Adequate
	HbA1c test	Excellent
	Urine microalbuminuria	Good
	Dilated fundus examination	Less than Adequate
	Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	Less than Adequate
	Foot vascular status by doppler	Adequate
4.4 c)	CVD	
	Electrocardiogram	Excellent
	Blood pressure measurement	Excellent
	Total cholesterol measurement	Excellent
	HDL cholesterol measurement	Excellent
	LDL cholesterol measurement	Excellent
	Triglycerides measurement	Excellent
4.4 d)	Chronic Respiratory Diseases	
	Peak flow measurement	Good
	Spirometry	Good
	Nebulization	Good
4.4 e)	Related NCD Treatments	
	Retinal photocoagulation	
	Renal dialysis	
	Renal transplantation	
	Radiotherapy	
	Chemotherapy	
4.5	Operational NCD Surveillance system:	
	Areas included in national health reporting system	
	Cause-specific mortality related to NCDs	
	Population-based NCD mortality data	
	Population-based morbidity data	

# 5: Promote national capacity for research and development on NCDs		
5.1	National research agenda for NCDs	
5.2	Government funding support for national research on NCDs	
5.3	Number of published articles on NCDs in country in the last 5 years	

## # 6: Monitor and evaluate progress on NCDs

National NCD targets/indicators with monitoring mechanisms in place